

## HEARST OR SULZER TO LEAD DEMOCRATS?

Editor Is in Paris, but an Ambassador Has Visited National Committee.

NORMAN E. MACK NAMED

Many Other Possibilities for Syracuse if Gov. Dix Is Turned Down.

The name of William Randolph Hearst as a candidate for the Democratic Governorship nomination bobbed up yesterday. Mr. Hearst is in Paris but there were indications that he was spoken of with his consent.

A man in Mr. Hearst's confidence, and who has acted as his ambassador in the past, called on some of the national Democratic campaigners in the Fifth Avenue Building yesterday and frankly suggested that the differences between the progressive view and that of Charles F. Murphy as to the Governorship could be happily adjusted by the nomination of the founder of the Independence League. It was argued that Mr. Hearst had a following on the East Side and among independent voters generally that could be turned to account in the Democratic attempt to beat these Straus.

Friends of Mr. Hearst also point out that his newspapers have been on fairly good terms with Mr. Murphy of late and they say that in case the Tammany leader decides to relinquish his intention of renominating Gov. Dix he will not seriously object to the candidacy of Mr. Hearst.

In the national campaign Mr. Hearst has declared himself for Gov. Wilson, but no special severity toward the Roosevelt. Progressives have been noticed. Political shams were saying yesterday that altogether it would be an odd and interesting situation if Mr. Hearst should be nominated by the Democrats at Syracuse this week.

It was not understood that the Hearst movement got any encouragement from the national leaders with whom he talked. It was reported that he would try to lay the suggestion before Gov. Wilson in this city yesterday, but the word last night was that the Governor had not received him yet.

There were signs yesterday that Representative William Sulzer's boom would receive considerable attention at Syracuse should Mr. Murphy retreat from his stand for Gov. Dix. The Sulzer camp has been busy in this case too, the main argument is that he is popular on the East Side and would be able at least to divide the Straus vote in that region. Mr. Sulzer's Tammany regularity is unquestioned, but his friends credit him with plenty of independence.

Among his indorseers are the Young Men's Democratic Club of Manhattan and the faction led by Thomas L. Reynolds which calls itself the Empire State Democracy, but which the regular party of that name repudiates as a lot of Tammany supporters trying to grab the organization for Mr. Murphy.

Mr. Sulzer's campaign manager, Samuel Bell Thomas, said yesterday that he had been assured "by men close to Wilson" that Gov. Wilson would cheerfully approve Mr. Sulzer's nomination and that neither would the National Committee object.

It was at the National Committee's request, said Mr. Thomas, that Representative Sulzer spoke four times recently on the same platform with Gov. Wilson, and he had been in New York City, Albany and twice at Buffalo. Sulzer and Thomas visited Gov. Wilson at Sea Girt three weeks ago to discuss the New York situation.

Mr. Sulzer himself said yesterday that he would make no statement until he got to Syracuse. Speculation regarding his return to New York for what it is worth, but several politicians and all of them Tammany men, were saying yesterday "Watch Billy Sulzer."

Senator O'Gorman was asked yesterday if Tammany purposed to support Sulzer. He replied:

"From what I read in the papers I judge that Mr. Murphy is still for Gov. Dix. My report which seemed to be taken seriously at national headquarters yesterday was that Norman E. Mack, William F. McCombs, Justice Victor Benjamin, Surrogate Robert L. Fowler, Assistant Surrogate J. K. Sague of Dutchess, George Foster Peck of Orleans, Thomas B. Lockwood, Thomas Mott, ex-Senator Franklin D. Roosevelt, and ex-Senator Franklin D. Roosevelt of the Empire State Democracy, were all delegates."

The New York State League of Democrats, whose object is "the preservation of the unity of the party," will hold its second biennial convention at Syracuse Tuesday.

## SOFT SOAP IN CAMPAIGN BILL.

McDermitt Primary Expenses Include Autos, Food and Drink.

Frank M. McDermitt of Newark, who is a candidate for nomination for United States Senator in New Jersey at the November last Tuesday, yesterday submitted to the State One of the bills for the payment of his campaign expenses. The bill is for the sum of \$1,000, and includes the cost of a half barrel of soft soap, a regular machine, 81 cents, and a letter of sympathy, 10 cents. The statement does not show from whom the letter came. Other items in the statement are:

Shirts and macaroni, in the city of Newark and the Fifteenth ward of Newark, \$1.00; and Frankfurters, Union Hill, \$1.00; and \$1.00 for the same.

Mr. McDermitt said he paid \$100 for bills and campaign songs, \$9 for signs and automobiles in which he toured the State, and a similar amount for postage. He also paid \$100 and was paid \$100 for automobile hire.

## GOV. OSBORN A PROGRESSIVE.

But Criticizes Republicans Who Refuse to Indorse Him.

LANSING, Mich., Sept. 28. In a letter today to the secretary of the national Progressive State central committee ex-

pressing his inability to attend the State convention in this city, Gov. Osborn poured some hot shot into the Republicans who handed him a deliberate snub at their State meeting Tuesday, and reiterated that he would support Col. Roosevelt and the Progressive candidate for Governor, State Senator L. Whitney Watkins. Gov. Osborn said:

"I am at liberty and thankful for it, to take any position that I think is right. The Republican State convention did not endorse my administration. I am pleased that it did not because of the agents of evil and avarice that dominated that convention. Had the convention approved my administration, I should have concluded that it had been colorless and valueless and perhaps worse."

The convention was watched over by Arthur Hillos and Assistant Arthur Harding. Mr. Hillos is an old employee of Charles P. Taft, who was made secretary to Brother William to insure that Wall Street got its money's worth. Mr. Harding is a reputed reactionary of Ohio, who was badly beaten by Gov. Harmon.

## SOCIALISTS RESTRAINED FROM HOLDING MEETINGS

American Manufacturing Company Gets Injunction Against Noon Speakers.

Supreme Court Justice Kelly in Brooklyn yesterday handed down a decision granting the motion for a temporary injunction to restrain the Socialists from holding noon meetings in front of the factory of the American Manufacturing Company at West and Noble streets, Greenpoint.

At the extended hearing before Justice Kelly last week it was shown that every day for the last three weeks the executive committee of the Socialist party had sent speakers to the doorway of the factory and that large crowds assembled to listen to them and that the violent and disorderly conduct which prevailed necessitated the presence of a large number of policemen. It was alleged that the entrance of the employees and customers was prevented and the use of the highway in and about the works interfered with.

The defendants contended that they were simply exercising the right of free speech and the right to assemble and that they had been orderly in their conduct. They also quoted from Mayor Gaynor's official message to the Board of Aldermen on February 21, 1911, this passage:

"The Socialists—I have particularly made the police authorities understand that those who entertain views of government or of economic or social order different from ours are not to be treated with disrespect or the freedom of speech and of assembly on that account. A propaganda by intellectual persuasion and peaceable means for changes in form of government or in the economic or social order is lawful and not to be meddled with, much less oppressed by the police."

In his decision Justice Kelly says that some of the speeches complained of would hardly fall within his description, and that he is not inclined to be too strict in the enforcement of the law. He holds that the plaintiff has the right of access to and egress from its property, and cannot be deprived of that right by the use of the highway with such use must be temporary and reasonable. "Neither the Legislature nor the local authorities," he says, "can give a permit to use the highway in violation of the rights of abutting owners." And he holds that the Socialist demonstration in front of the factory was not a reasonable use of the highway, and that it impaired the rights of the abutting owner. In closing his voluminous review of the case Justice Kelly says:

"It seems but fair to state that the ordinary conduct of political meetings in streets is not to be prevented by this decision. It is only because of the meetings from day to day and the threat to make them continuous, the extravagant appeals to passion and prejudice with the resultant crowds to plaintiff's damage that I am inclined to act."

A proper interpretation of the Mayor's views by the police would have obviated the commencement of this suit. This whole matter, it seems, could have easily been avoided by the proper exercise of executive authority. No necessary detriment to the rights of the parties should have been allowed. Surely the defendants can with reason be directed to shift the place of their oratorical delivery from time to time without being aggrieved. It is equally reasonable for the plaintiff to claim that a daily use of the street in front of its entrance to the premises is not a reasonable use."

## "HERALD" POLL PRO-WILSON.

Leads in Straw Polls, With Taft Running Third.

The Herald-to-day publishes its first instalment of its country wide review of the Presidential situation and its indications are that Wilson is easily leading both Taft and Roosevelt, with Taft running third, according to the straw ballots. More than 24,000 test ballots were taken in various parts of the country. The results in the various States follow:

New York, Taft, 583; Roosevelt, 1,011; Wilson, 1,147. Connecticut, Taft, 52; Roosevelt, 127; Wilson, 96. Delaware, Taft, 296; Roosevelt, 381; Wilson, 927. New Jersey, Taft, 245; Roosevelt, 267; Wilson, 573. Pennsylvania, Taft, 343; Roosevelt, 573; Wilson, 667. Maryland, Taft, 48; Roosevelt, 126; Wilson, 193. Ohio, Taft, 942; Roosevelt, 818; Wilson, 1,914. Indiana, Taft, 801; Roosevelt, 1,711; Wilson, 2,190. Kentucky, Taft, 773; Roosevelt, 1,452; Wilson, 2,764. West Virginia, Taft, 232; Roosevelt, 330; Wilson, 775. Wyoming, Taft, 176; Roosevelt, 118; Wilson, 809.

Of the total straw ballots taken in all regions the result was as follows: Wilson, 11,164; Roosevelt, 7,147; Taft, 4,784; Debs, 1,800. The figures show Roosevelt has drawn 1,150 votes from the Republican party, 678 from Democrats, 20 from Debs.

The Republican loss from 1908, according to the figures, is 5,097. The Democratic gain over 1908 is 2,354. The Herald makes no prediction of its own, but merely presents the figures, which speak for themselves. It also prints the reports from correspondents in every State in the Union, which bear out largely the indicated results of the straw votes.

The Herald finds that the Roosevelt tide has reached its height and that the Taft movement is gaining in some parts of the country. Wilson remains stationary in some sections, gains in others, and loses in still others. The Herald says that its reports indicate very clearly that Wilson is leading both other candidates.

## Gov. Johnson in Newark To-morrow.

Gov. Hiram Johnson of California, who will stump New York State this week, decided yesterday to speak in Newark to-morrow night. It will probably be his only campaign talk in New Jersey.

## H. Jaeckel & Sons

16-18 & 20 West 32d St.

Announce the first public exhibition of their new models, beginning Monday, Sept. 30.

Showing a wonderful collection of Fashionable Furs.

Thirty-Second Street West

Phone, Madison Sq.—6460.

## MURPHY CONTROLS ALL DELEGATES EXCEPT 36

Few of Them Want Dix Renominated, but 414 Are Willing to Take Orders.

## SULZER'S FRIENDS WORK

Already Have Covered Convention City With Congressman's Lithographs.

SYRACUSE, Sept. 28.—Just about a score of delegates to the Democratic State convention which is to assemble here on Tuesday are on the ground. Charles F. Murphy is to arrive to-morrow.

The Sulzer boom for Governor is the first to be observed. Representative Sulzer's friends have placarded the town with his pictures and have distributed a bale or two of literature telling of his career in Congress and as Speaker of the New York State Assembly. These Sulzer boomers have no hesitation in declaring that if this were to be an open convention he would come pretty near landing the nomination. Mr. Sulzer is especially strong in Onondaga and Monroe counties.

Joseph Murphy, Democratic leader of Rensselaer county, arrived to-day, bringing with him a boom for Governor for Cornelius F. Burns, "the Live Wire Mayor of Troy." Mr. Murphy said that he was unalterably opposed to the renomination of Gov. Dix and that the opposition of Rensselaer county to the Governor would be amply demonstrated when 500 Democrats from that county arrived here on Monday. To a man, according to Mr. Murphy, these 500 Democrats will protest against the renomination of Gov. Dix.

Thomas B. Lockwood of Buffalo arrived to-day, opened headquarters for his gubernatorial boom at the Onondaga and returned to Buffalo, but he is coming back here on Monday with his friends. Erie county does not want much from this convention. It only wants the candidate for Governor and Maurice Szwed nominated for Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals and also the renomination of John J. Kennedy for State Treasurer.

William H. Fitzpatrick, the Democratic leader of Erie county, is unalterably opposed to the renomination of Gov. Dix. As a matter of fact it may be stated on indubitable testimony that a vast majority of the county leaders have so informed Charles F. Murphy in New York city and elsewhere within the last two weeks. The basis of their argument to Mr. Murphy is that the renomination of the Governor would surely bring defeat to their county tickets. This is notably the case, it is stated, in all counties where large numbers of railroad men are employed who are opposed to the Governor because he vetoed the "full crew" bill. As a matter of fact Gov. Hughes vetoed the same bill on the ground that it came within the province of the State Public Service Commission.

Gov. Dix vetoed the bill for the same reasons that Gov. Hughes did, but none the less the Democratic county leaders insist that the Dix veto has raised more havoc than the Hughes veto, as they claimed that Hughes always took the side of the corporations on such measures and they expected different treatment from a Democratic Governor.

On the eve of this convention the actual strength of Charles F. Murphy should be made known. It will form a basis for a concrete and direct understanding on the situation. There will be 450 delegates in the convention and all but 36 will be absolutely loyal to Mr. Murphy. That is an accepted fact to-night by Thomas Mott Osborne's friends and others who intend to oppose Mr. Murphy in this convention. This includes the opposition represented by the Empire State Democracy and the Rochester conference. The Democratic State League is practically a moribund organization and has been such since the Democrats of the State became aware that it was an organization only kept alive by Mr. Osborne in order to keep alive Mr. Osborne's aspirations for public office.

Thus Mr. Murphy and his friends will control 414 of the 450 delegates. The opposition to his control will be as follows: Monroe county, fifteen delegates; Clinton, Cayuga, Chemung, Dutchess, Oswego, Seneca and Suffolk each three, or thirty-six delegates in all.

It is known here to-night, as it has been known for a month or more in the inner circles of the Democratic State organization, that not a baker's dozen of the 414 delegates favor the renomination of Gov. Dix. In no gubernatorial campaign of a similar character in the annals of the Democratic party in the State for the last generation or two has there been such deep-seated and widespread opposition to the renomination of a Democratic Governor.

By custom and precedent for fifty years or more the Democratic party of the State has given a renomination to a Democratic Governor when he desired one, as they have done in every instance, however, the opposition to Gov. Dix's renomination is well nigh universal. This opposition is based on a variety of reasons, but the effect that the Governor is weak and that the true Democratic party in the State for the last generation or two has been such deep-seated and widespread opposition to the renomination of a Democratic Governor.

the will of Charles F. Murphy and if Mr. Murphy desires Gov. Dix's renomination they will accept that decree without a murmur.

The situation here is far different from that at Syracuse. In the Republican State convention held in that beautiful village this week Chairman Barnes could not have nominated a candidate for Governor. In fact, Republican leaders were awaiting an opportunity to make this fact known to Mr. Barnes, as they desired to prove to him his inability to nominate a Governor.

Here Charles F. Murphy can nominate any Democrat he chooses to name and the opposition of Gov. Wilson, Senator O'Gorman and William J. Bryan, separately or collectively, would have no more weight than if they had never been born. In fact, according to the best Democratic testimony, for Gov. Wilson or Senator O'Gorman or William J. Bryan to name a man or the type of Democrat they desired would be but to crystallize and accentuate the control of Mr. Murphy. These are the facts of the situation, and they are not gainsaid, and Democrats here believe that it is well to keep them in mind at this time, especially on the eve of the assembling of the Democratic State convention.

Senator O'Gorman is not coming here to fight Mr. Murphy. This situation was made very clear to-night by those familiar with the situation and Democrats who have talked with Mr. O'Gorman within the last twenty-four hours. He is coming here to use every argument and persuasion with Mr. Murphy and his friends in an effort to make him see the utter futility of Gov. Dix's renomination and also to point out the possible disastrous moral effects of Dix's renomination upon the national ticket in the State. But Mr. Murphy's friends here to-night figure it that Gov. Dix has been loyal to the Democratic State organization and that this loyalty has earned a renomination.

Mr. Murphy's friends go further and insist that Gov. Dix can be reelected. They point out that the national and State tickets are to be voted separately on Tuesday. It is well to keep them in mind at this time, especially on the eve of the assembling of the Democratic State convention.

In 1910 a State election, the total vote was 1,497,000, of which Dix received 688,700 and Wilson 808,300. In 1908 the total vote for President was 1,628,350, of which Taft received 870,070 and Bryan 667,688. Debs, the Socialist, 38,451, and Hughes, the Independence League candidate, 35,817. In the State election of 1910 Debs, who was the Socialist candidate for Governor, received 48,470 and Charles E. Russell, the Socialist candidate, received 48,229.

A number of Syracuse Democrats favor the nomination of Charles E. Treman of Ithaca for Governor. Indeed since the Democratic conference in this city two weeks ago the Democratic county chairmen have been sounding their constituents as to the availability of Mr. Treman. The Onondaga Democrats are favorable to the nomination of John W. Hogan for Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals. All booms, however, will blow up in the face of a Murphy opposition.

The Progressive Democrats, an outgrowth of a moribund Bryan organization, are also to have headquarters here. They favor the nomination for Governor of Mayor George F. Hughes, who is a Calvin Tomkins, George Foster Peck, or Representative Henry George Jr. of New York.

Democrats are also to be important by the suffrage of the State for a plank in the platform favorable to their cause. The suffragists will have as their spokeswoman Miss Harriet May Moore of Syracuse. The New York League of Women Voters, headed by Miss Harriet May Moore of Rochester, Mrs. Richard Aldrich of New York, a sister of former Lieutenant Governor Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler, and probably Miss Harriet Stanton Hatch of New York. The New York League of Democratic Clubs is to meet here on Tuesday morning. This league is not to attempt to interfere in the nomination of any Democrat for Governor.

James K. McGuire, ex-Mayor of Syracuse and now living in New Rochelle, did not intend to be conspicuous at the Democratic national headquarters in the Fifth Avenue Building, who is a delegate to this convention, arrived to-night and stated that it is not his purpose to attend the convention.

John A. Mason, secretary of the Democratic State committee and Gov. Dix's chief opponent to-night, was utterly confident that he would be renominated and furthermore when he left the Governor at the Executive chamber this afternoon the Governor himself was more than ever confident that he is to be renominated.

## OSBORNE LIKES JOB HEDGES.

Threatens to Tell Some Truths at Convention Tuesday.

AUBURN, N. Y., Sept. 28.—Thomas Mott Osborne, declaring that Job E. Hedges is a man against whom nothing can be said except that he tells funny stories and tells them well, told the Cayuga county Democratic committee to-day that he was going to have some fun next week in Syracuse. He said:

"I understand that Mr. Murphy has heard a few things about the State to which he is giving his attention and I have some information that Dix is not to be renominated by Mr. Murphy. If he has a grain of gratitude in his person, he should nominate the man in his person, he should nominate the man who is going to have some fun next week in Syracuse. He said:

The people should know the real truth about the Government. Not the truth as sent out by the dummy Governor while the real Governor is working behind the chair and scene. If Mr. Murphy is to be the Governor, let him nominate himself and let where we can get at him. There is no greater boon or blessing than the truth. If necessary to tell some disagreeable truths at Syracuse I will be on to tell them and there will be plenty of others."

## Stern Brothers

have arranged for Monday, in their Upholstery Department, Another Extraordinary Offering of

## 300 Pairs Reversible Velour Portieres

made up in their own workrooms, of a superior quality of velours in fifteen effective color combinations, Actual Value \$28.00 Pair, at \$12.75 Pair

They will also introduce an Exclusive Novelty

## Macramette Lace Curtains

Very Appropriate for City and Suburban Homes, at \$4.75, 5.50 and 6.75 Pair

## A Later Importation of French Model Hats

for Street and Dress Wear, from the leading Paris Milliners will be placed on sale To-morrow, also Tailored Hats from the foremost London makers.

And a specially prepared collection of

Street and Semi-Dress Hats, Adaptations of Paris Models, of Mole Plush, Velvet and Satin, from \$12.50 to 22.50

Also a choice selection of French Mourning Millinery

THIRD FLOOR

MAIN BUILDING

## Women's Coats and Wraps

Critical inspection is invited of their comprehensive assortments of Imported and Domestic Garments, for Street, Automobile and Evening Wear, of the most desirable materials, such as Tinsel Brocades, Silk Velours, Velour de Laine, Charmeuse, Velveteens, Chinchilla, Blanket Cloths, Chevrons and Broadcloths, including styles with Collars and Cuffs of the most desirable Furs.

Also for To-morrow, at Very Special Prices

## Women's Coats

of Black and Navy Blue Cheviots, lined throughout with heavy satin, also of Mixed Tweeds, fastened to neck, at \$18.50  
of Black Broadcloth, trimmed with silk braid, velvet collar and cuffs, satin lined, full length, at 21.50  
of Silk Velour, tubular braided, three-quarter and full length models, very dressy, at 32.50

## Women's Suits and Dresses

Later Distinctive and authoritative styles are now being shown, including reproductions of Models from the leading Paris Modistes, of the most approved Fall and Winter Fabrics, at Very Moderate Prices.

## Severely Tailored Suits,

of Two-toned Diagonals, Striped Worsted, Serges, Zibelines, Bedford Cords, Broadcloths, Eponge, Corduroy and Velveteen, in entirely new effects, from \$17.50 to 62.50

## Street Dresses,

of Serge, Eponge, Broadcloth, Velveteen and Charmeuse, One Piece Models, opening in front, from \$14.50 to 59.50

## Afternoon Dresses,

of Brocade Crepe, Striped Velvet, Meteor and Charmeuse, in simple and elaborate styles, from \$22.50 to 95.00

## Evening Gowns,

of Silk Velvet, Velvet and Silk Brocades, Chiffon Cloth, Laces, Bugle Embroidered Nets and Soft Silks, from \$32.50 to 295.00

## Street and Dress Shoes for Women

in new models for Autumn and Winter Wear, of Black and Tan Russia Calf, Lustre and Vici Kid, Patent Leather, Black, Grey and Brown Suede; also attractive combinations of Patent Leather with Colored Suede or Kid Tops.

Particular attention is also directed to their very large assortments of Evening Slippers, many with jeweled heels, and vamps, including a line of

## Women's Satin Evening Slippers,

in black, white, pink, blue, red, grey, gold, yellow, purple, lavender, Nile and emerald green, with Louis XV heels, and trimmed with Rosebud Bows,

At the Special Price of \$3.50 Pair.

To-morrow will be placed on Sale an Important Purchase of Fine Irish

## Household Linens

in a wide range of desirable circular and square designs, many styles being hand woven.

At Reductions of from 33 1/3 to 40% from Regular Values

Table Cloths	2 by 2 yds.	\$3.60, 6.75, 8.00	2 1/2 by 2 1/2 yds.	\$5.00, 9.75, 15.00
	2 by 2 1/2 "	3.75, 6.85, 10.75	2 1/2 by 3 "	5.90, 12.95, 18.00
	2 by 3 "	4.45, 8.25, 12.00	2 1/2 by 3 1/2 "	6.85, 15.50, 21.00

Napkins, to match.

Doz. \$3.75, 5.00, 7.75, 15.50

2100 Yards Satin Double Damask Table Linen.

in handsome striped designs.

Regular Price \$1.50 Yard, at 95c

600 Dozen German Linen Huck Towels.

with hemstitched ends and monogram border.

Regular Price \$4.20 Dozen, at \$2.90

West Twenty-third and Twenty-second Streets

## BISHOP DOANE MISQUOTED.

Governor Dix Gives Out a Letter With Comments.

ALBANY, Sept. 28.—The following statement was given out to-night by Gov. Dix: STATE OF NEW YORK, EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, Albany, N. Y., September 28, 1912.

My attention has been called to an article which appeared in this morning's papers purporting to be an interview with Bishop Doane.

Its malicious perversion of the truth is evident from the following letter just received:

BISHOP'S HOUSE, ALBANY, N. Y., September 28, 1912.

"MY DEAR GOVERNOR—I don't know whether you ever read the *Kickerbocker Press*, but if you do have you noticed this morning the most outrageous misstatement of what I said about you? If you did you can't be half so outraged and annoyed as I am. It is a pure fiction of a stupid reporter. Your name wasn't even mentioned in a conversation, and I want you and dear Mrs. Dix to know what a lie it is. I hope to have the great pleasure of voting for you when the time comes."

"Always very faithfully,

"Gov. Dix, the Executive Mansion, Albany, N. Y."

The statement having also been transmitted to other papers requires it to be stigmatized as a most outrageous action on the part of an unlicensed press.

JOHN A. DIX.

## POLITICAL EVENTS TO-DAY.

Socialist ratification meeting, Madison Square Garden, 2 P. M. Speaker: Eugene V. Debs. Charles Edward Russell, Gustave A. Streiber, ex-Mayor of New York, and others. Col. Roosevelt in Georgia. President Taft at Beverly, Mass. Gov. Wilson at Sea Girt, N. J.

## COAT HUGHES \$2,443.

James Smith's Rival Files His Primary Expense Statement.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 28.—Judge William Hughes of Paterson, who resigned his seat in Congress to enter the United States Senatorial primary race and who, backed by Gov. Wilson's support, de-

feated James Smith, Jr., of Newark, to-day filed a statement of expenses with Secretary of State Crater.

The statement showed that it cost him \$2,443 to win the primary.

## RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Spiritualist Temple, 138 E. 27th. Rev. Schaefer's subject: "After Death." Spirit communions. Sundays, Thursdays, Saturdays, 8 P. M.

Feated James Smith, Jr., of Newark, to-day filed a statement of expenses with Secretary of State Crater. The statement showed that it cost him \$2,443 to win the primary.